

# CNES EESS Missions using X-Band Telemetry

Frédéric Cornet

Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales

(Frederic.Cornet@cnes.fr)



## THE SPOT FAMILY

PLETADES

DEWEYER



# SPOT: The system today

- Operational Earth observation system
- Frequent revisit capability and image acquisition, currently
  offering 10-meter (till spot 4) and 2.5-meter (spot 5) resolution
  - Fast global coverage (60km x 60km)
  - Short turnaround times thanks to oblique viewing
- Stereoviewing capability
- High-image-quality products
- Continuity of service since 1986



# **SPOT: Program**

### SPOT 1

- launched 22 February 1986, reactivated 11 January 1997
- operating without onboard recorders

### SPOT 2:

- launched 22 January 1990
- onboard recorders lost October 1993

### SPOT 3:

- launched 26 September 1993
- ceased operating 14 November 1996



### SPOT 4

- launched 24 March 1998, operated by Spot Image since 26 May 1998
- Features:
  - new bus, new short-wave infrared band, Vegetation instrument

### SPOT 5

launched 4 May 2002



# **SPOT: Satellite Evolution**

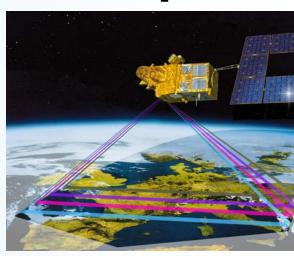
On-board pay-load Spot 1/2/3		Spot 4	Spot 5
nboard image ocessing	Two images can be processed at once, then sent directly or stored using a compression factor of 1.3	Two images can be processed at once, then sent directly or stored using a compression factor of 1.3	Up to five images Two sent in real or deferred time Three stored Compression factor: 2.6
nboard storage	Recorder: 2 x 60 Gbits 160 images	Recorder: 2 x 120 Gbits solid state memory: 9 Gbits (400 images)	solid state memory: 90 Gbits 550 images
ownlink	50 Mbits/s - 8.2 GHz	50 Mbits/s - 8.2 GHz	2 x 50 Mbits/s - 8.2 GHz
odulation/coding	uncoded differential QPSK	uncoded differential QPSK	Differential QPSK + BCH(252,236)
rbit determination	DORIS	Real-Time DORIS	Real-Time DORIS
International EESS Wideband Downlink Workshop			



## **VEGETATION** data are used chiefly to:

- Map surface parameters
- Establish crop, rangeland and forest yields
- Monitor and model the mechanisms of the terrestrial biosphere
- Analyse environmental change

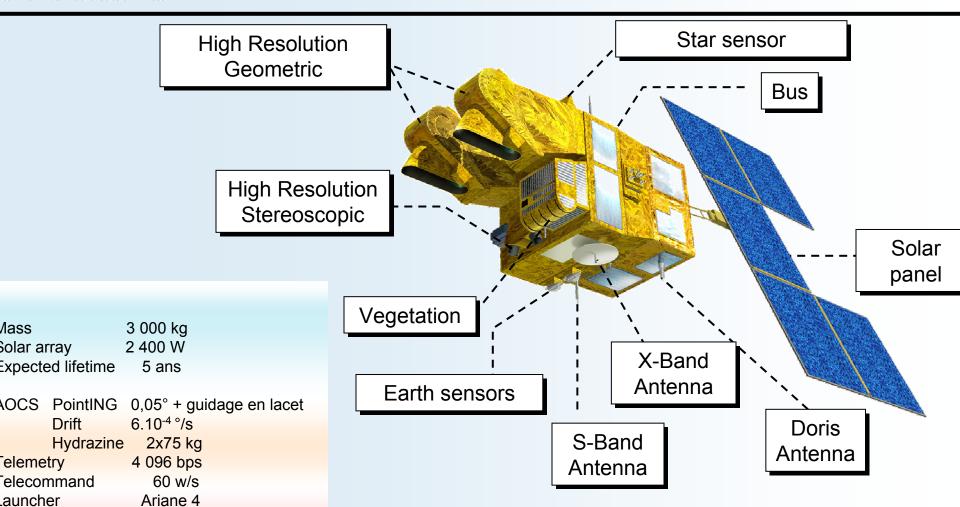
The VEGETATION 2 instrument on SPOT 5 is pursuing the mission of the payload launched on SPOT 4 in 1998



**VEGETATION 2 mission transmits data at symbol rate of 3.4MBps in BPSK modulation (X-Band)** 



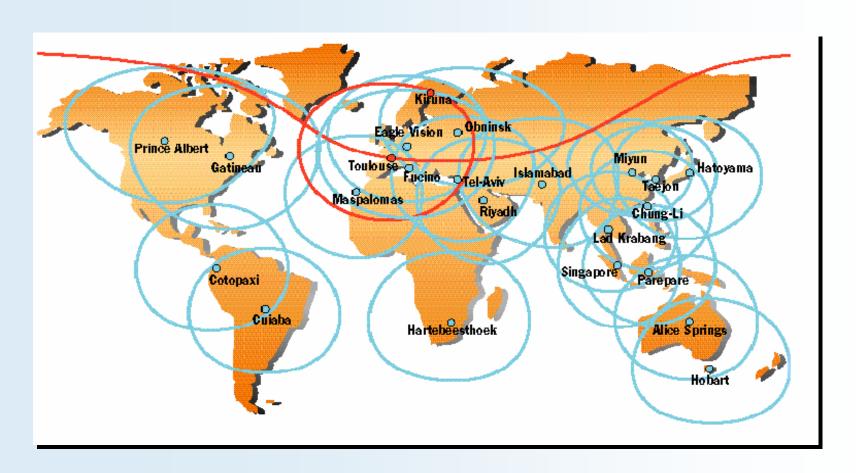
# **SPOT 5 Satellite**



http://spot5.cnes.fr/



# **SPOT:** Receiving stations network



Main receiving station

Direct receiving station



## THE SPOT FAMILY

# **PLEIADES**

DEWEYER



# Market driven applications



## Agriculture

- Precision farming
- Crop yield forecasting and monitoring
- Crop yield statistics, soil diagnosis



## ....Defence and security

- Surveillance, intelligence
- Damage assessment
- Vulnerability assessment
- Target detection and location



## Forestry

- Timber production
- Forest inventorying
- Deforestation
- Monitoring
- Forest degradation



## .... Mapping

- Mapping and topography
- Land-use and infrastructure planning
- Coastal management
- Urban planning



### Oceans

- Navigational aids
- Shipping traffic monitoring
- Sea ice and coastal monitoring



## Hazard management

- Floods, forest fires
- Landslides
- Earthquakes
- Industrial hazards



### **⇒** Space Segment

- one-metre resolution (20-km swath)
- other overflight in the next 24 hours requires two HR satellites
- daily acquisition capacity of 250 images per satellite
- Mass: 900 kg

#### ⇒ Power

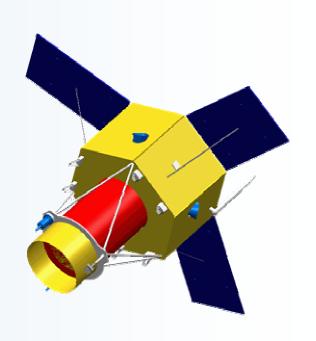
- Lithium-ion batteries
- Rigid gallium arsenide solar panels

### Attitude and orbit control subsystem

- Gyro actuators
- Star sensors
- Fibre optic gyros

### □ Image telemetry at 489 Mbps

- Three channels (163 Mbps)
- 4D 8PSK TCM 2.5bit/Hz/s with a RS(254,238) code
- Quasi iso-flux antenna
- 600-Gbit mass memory
- Wavelet compression (mean rate = 4)





## THE SPOT FAMILY

PLETADES

**DEMETER** 



# **Myriade / Demeter**

DEMETER (Detection of Electro-Magnetic Emissions Transmitted from Earthquake Regions) is the first project in the CNES Myriade micro-satellite series.

## The scientific purpose of the mission is to:

- study the ionospheric disturbances related to seismic activity,
- study the ionospheric disturbances related to human activity,
- study the pre- and post-seismic effects in the ionosphere,
- contribute to understand the mechanisms generating those disturbances,
- give global information on the Earth's electromagnetic environment at the satellite altitude.



# **Myriade / Demeter**

### Instruments:

- electric sensors,
- magnetic sensors,
- 📍 a plasma analyser,
- a Langmuir probe,
- a particle detector



### Downlink in X-Band :

- 4D 8PSK-TCM at 9MBauds with RS(254,238) coding
- Ouput spectrum shaped with a microwave filter (SFCG 21-2)

#### Satellite

- Polar orbit at 800 km
- Lifetime 2 years

# **Conclusion**

## Low-cost micro satellite series Myriade

 $\Rightarrow$  Increase of the scientific Earth Exploration missions

High resolution or large field optical and radar sensors

⇒ Increase of downlink data rates

⇒ Increase of the interference probability in X-Band

**CNES Studies on 4D 8PSK TCM** 

⇒ Increase the spectral efficiency of transmissions in X-Band